Amendments To The Claims:

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

1. (Currently Amended) A process for preparing a monohydrochloride salt of compound (I)

wherein *C and **C denote asymmetric carbon atoms, which process comprises the steps of:

a) contacting a compound of formula (II):

$$P^{1}O \xrightarrow{\mathsf{NHCHO}} P^{2}$$

$$\mathsf{NHCHO}$$

$$\mathsf{NHCHO}$$

$$\mathsf{NHCHO}$$

$$\mathsf{NHCHO}$$

$$\mathsf{NHCHO}$$

$$\mathsf{NHCHO}$$

$$\mathsf{NHCHO}$$

$$\mathsf{NHCHO}$$

wherein P¹ represents a hydroxyl protecting group, and P² and P³ each independently represents hydrogen or a protecting group; with a weak acid, to effect selective protonation;

b) contacting the product of (a) with a source of chloride ions, to effect anion exchange;

- c) <u>deprotecting deprotection</u> to remove P¹, and where necessary P² and P³;
- d) <u>isolating</u> isolation of compound (I) as the monohydrochloride; and optionally
- e) <u>crystallizing or recrystallizing</u> crystallisation or recrystallisation of compound (I).
- 2. (Original) A process according to claim 1, wherein the compound of formula (I) is the compound (Ia):

and the compound of formula (II) is the compound (IIa):

wherein P1 is as defined in claim 1.

- 3. (Currently Amended) A process according to claim 1 or claim 2 wherein the weak acid is acetic acid.
- 4. (Currently Amended) A process according to <u>claim 1</u> any of claims 1 to 3 wherein the group P¹ represents benzyl.

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5. (Currently Amended) A process according to <u>claim 1</u> any of claims 1 to 4 wherein the source of chloride ions is sodium chloride.

- 6. (Currently Amended) <u>Crystalline monohydrochloride salt of the compound of formula (Ia) prepared by a process A process according to claim 1 any of claims 1 to 5 for the preparation of a crystalline monohydrochloride salt of the compound of formula (Ia).</u>
- 7. (Currently Amended) <u>Crystalline (Ia) monohydrochloride A</u> process according to claim 6 wherein the product of said process is characterised by an x-ray powder diffraction pattern in which the peak positions are substantially in accordance with the peak positions of the pattern shown in Fig. 1.
- 8. (Original) Crystalline (la) monohydrochloride which is characterised by a differential scanning calorimetry trace which shows an absence of discernable endothermic features below about 125°C.
- 9. (Original) Crystalline (la) monohydrochloride according to claim 8 which is characterised by a differential scanning calorimetry trace which shows an absence of discernable endothermic features below about 125°C, and an onset of significant endothermic heat flow at about 229°C.
- 10. (Currently Amended) Crystalline (Ia) monohydrochloride according to claim 8 or claim 9 which is characterised by a differential scanning calorimetry trace which shows an absence of discernable endothermic features below about 125°C, two or more minor endothermic events between about 130°C and about 180°C and an onset of significant endothermic heat flow at about 229°C.

11. (Original) Crystalline (Ia) monohydrochloride according to claim
10 wherein said minor endothermic events occur at about 133°C, at about
151°C and at about 170°C.

- 12. (Original) Form 2 crystalline (Ia) mononhydrochloride in substantially pure form.
- 13. (Currently Amended) A process for obtaining Form 2 crystalline (Ia) monohydrochloride in substantially pure form which process comprises:
 - Ba) forming a mixture of *N*-{2-[4-((*R*)-2-hydroxy-2-phenylethylamino)phenyl]ethyl}-(*R*)-2-hydroxy-2-(3-formamido-4-hydroxyphenyl) ethylamine monohydrochloride in an aqueous organic solvent, by contacting said monohydrochloride with said solvent and heating in a range from about 60°C to about 70°C, for example about 65°C;
 - Bb) adjusting the temperature of said mixture in the range from about 52°C to about 58°C; for example about 55°C;
 - Bc) Seeding said mixture with Form 2 crystals;
 - Bd) cooling said mixture to a temperature in the range from about 15°C to 25°C;
 - Be) heating said mixture to a temperature in the range from about 47°C to about 52°C, for example about 50°C;
 - Bf) repeating steps Bd) and Be) to obtain the desired Form 2.
- 14. (Currently Amended) A method for the prophylaxis or treatment of a clinical condition in a mammal, such as a human, for which a selective β_2 -adrenoreceptor agonist is indicated, which comprises administering administration of a therapeutically effective amount of Form 2 crystalline (Ia) monohydrochloride.

15-16. (Cancelled)

17. (Original) A pharmaceutical formulation comprising Form 2 crystalline (Ia) monohydrochloride and a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient, and optionally one or more other therapeutic ingredients.

- 18. (Original) A combination comprising Form 2 crystalline (la) monohydrochloride and one or more other therapeutic ingredients.
- (Original) A combination according to claim 18 wherein the other therapeutic ingredient is a PDE4 inhibitor or an anticholinergic or a corticosteroid.
- 20. (Currently Amended) A combination according to <u>claim 18</u> either of claims 17 or 18 comprising Form 2 crystalline (Ia) monohydrochloride and 6α , 9α -difluoro- 17α -[(2-furanylcarbonyl)oxy]- 11β -hydroxy- 16α -methyl-3-oxo-androsta-1,4-diene- 17β -carbothioic acid S-fluoromethyl ester.
- 21. (Currently Amended) A combination according to <u>claim 18</u> either ef claims 17 or 18 comprising Form 2 crystalline (Ia) monohydrochloride and 6α , 9α -difluoro-11 β -hydroxy-16 α -methyl-17 α -[(4-methyl-1,3-thiazole-5-carbonl)oxy]-3-oxo-androsta-1,4-diene-17 β -carbothioic acide S-fluoromethyl ester.
- 22. (New) A process according to claim 13, wherein said Ba) step comprises heating the mixture to a temperature of about 65°C.
- 23. (New) A process according to claim 13, wherein said Bb) step comprises adjusting the temperature of said mixture from about 52°C to about 55°C.
- 24. (New) A method according to claim 14, wherein the mammal is a human.

25. (New) A method according to claim 14, wherein the clinical condition is asthma.

26. (New) A method according to claim 14, wherein the clinical condition is COPD.